Mexican-Origin Population in California: Health Fact Sheet

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The Population

United States

- o Total Latinos in the U.S.: 35 million
- Total of Mexican origin: 21 million (representing 60% of the Latinos in the U.S.)
 Of those:

Born in Mexico: 8.5 million
 Naturalized: < 2 million
 Non-citizens: 6.5 million



California

- O Total Latino population: 11 million (32% of state's total population of 34 million)²
- o Total Mexican-origin population in California: 8.5 million (25% of state's total population)³
- o 44% of the Mexican immigrants in the U.S. are in California (3.8 million). Los Angeles is the main urban destination.⁴
- o Of the foreign-born Mexicans in California, about 825,000 are naturalized and nearly 3 million are non-citizens.⁵

Agricultural Workers

- o There are 1.3 million agricultural workers in California—an industry that generates nearly \$30 billion annually.6
- 91% of California's hired agricultural workers were born in Mexico.⁷
 Upon entry many undocumented workers find employment in agriculture and construction.⁸
- o 1 out of every 3 Mexican immigrants in California is in a farmworker household.9

Southern California Day Laborers

o 77.5% of sampled Southern California day laborers are from Mexico. Almost all are male and undocumented, yet nearly ¼ have been in the U.S. for more than 11 years.¹⁰

Undocumented

- o Total estimated population of unauthorized Mexicans in the U.S.: about 4.5 million.¹¹
- O Undocumented workers generate goods and services worth more than \$120 billion a year in the U.S.¹²
- O During the 1990s Mexican immigrants sent home some \$33 billion in remittances. In 2001 alone, the total was \$8 billion.¹³

Sources:

- 1. U.S. Census 2000 Summary File 1 (www.census.gov).
- 2. Ibid.
- 3. Ibid.
- 4 Ibid
- 5. Current Population Survey Report, Data: California. California State Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit, March 2001.
- 6. Migrant Health Atlas, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 1990.
- 7. Suffering in Silence: Who Are California's Agricultural Workers? The California Endowment, 2001. Derived from the California Institute of Rural Studies.
- 8. Lowell, Lindsay and Fry, Richard. Estimating the Distribution of Undocumented Workers in the Urban Labor Force: Technical Memorandum to "How many undocumented: The numbers behind the U.S.—Mexico Migration Talks." Pew Hispanic Center, March 2002.
- 9. Susan Gabbard, Aguirre International, personal communication.
- 10. Abel Valenzuela Jr. Working on the Margins: Immigrant Day Labor Characteristics and Prospects for Employment, Working Paper No. 22. The Center for Comparative Immigration Studies, UCSD, May 2000.
- 11. Bean, Frank D., Van Hook, Jennifer and Woodrow-Lafield, Karen. Estimates of Numbers of Unauthorized Migrants Residing In the United States: The Total, Mexican, and Non-Mexican Central American Unauthorized Populations in Mid-2001. Pew Hispanic Center, November 2001.
- 12. Monica Martin in Excelsior, Mexico DF, 1996.
- 13. CONAPO, Migracion Mexico-Estados Unidos Presente y Futuro, 2000. (www.conapo.gob.mx)

Health Status

- 1.2 million Mexicans in the U.S. have been diagnosed with diabetes. 14
- In 1997, 500,000 Latinos in California had diabetes, the majority of Mexican origin. Many others may be unaware that they have the dis-
- In 1999, 25% of people with AIDS in California were Latino. 40% of the total are of Mexican origin; and of those, 86% were born in Mexico. 16 Between July 1999 and June 2000, 29% of new AIDS cases in California were among Latinos.17
- 17% of California Latinas have invasive cervical cancer—the state's highest annual incidence rate (the rate is 7.4% for non-Latina white women). 18
- The teen birth rate for Latinos is nearly four times the birth rate for non-Health Services. Report of Final Latino white teens in California.19
- Cardiovascular disease is the leading cause of death among Latinos in California and nationwide, as well as among the Mexican-origin popula-
- In a representative-sample survey in California, nearly 32% of male agricultural workers said that they had never been to a doctor's office or a clinic in their lives, while only 48% had been to a doctor or clinic at least once during the previous two years. Nearly one in five male subjects (18%) had at least two of three risk factors for chronic disease: high serum cholesterol, high blood pressure, or obesity.²¹

IN A REPRESENTATIVE-SAMPLE SURVEY OF AGRICULTURAL **WORKERS, ONLY 7% WERE ENROLLED IN ANY GOVERNMENT** PROGRAM SERVING LOW-INCOME PEOPLE.22



Health Insurance

- In California, almost 1/3 of Latino children and 41% of nonelderly adult Latinos are uninsured, the majority of Mexican origin. There are 2.25 million uninsured Latino adults in California, roughly twice as many as in any other group.²³
- In California, only 43% of Latinos have job-based insurance, compared to 71% of non-Latino whites.24
- More than 1.5 million undocumented children and adults are uninsured and have no opportunities to obtain coverage through California's public
- In 1999, Latinos made up 26.5% of the uninsured nationwide.26
- In the United States, 70% of the agricultural-worker population does not have health insurance.27
- **Border Region Health**
 - o In the U.S.-Mexico border region, about 3 million people do not have health insurance.28
 - In 1997, the four U.S. border states with Mexico accounted for 52% of reported cases of tuberculosis. In Mexico, 23% of reported cases were in border states.²⁹

- 14. American Diabetes Association, National Call Center, Special Data Request, March 2002.
- 15 Ibid
- 16. California Department of Health Services, Office of AIDS. Special Request of AIDS Case Registry.
- 17. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention-Surveillance and Epidemiology. Special Data Request, 2001.
- 18. Department of Health Services. Cancer in California: 1998-1999, Sacramento, December 2001.
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- 22. Ibid.
- 23. UCLA Center for Health Policy Research. The State of Health Insurance in California, 2001. (www.healthpolicy.ucla. edu.)
- 24. Brown, E. Richard, Niñez Ponce, and Thomas Rice. The State of California's Health Insurance in California: Recent Trends, Future Prospects. Center for Health Policy Research, UCLA, March 2001. 25. UCLA Center for Health Policy Research. Current Population Survey, March 2001. (www.healthpolicy.ucla.edu) 26. Health Insurance, Access,

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27. National Center for Farmworker Health. 1999 (www.ncfh.org).

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- 28. Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA). Assuring a Healthy Future Along the U.S.-Mexico Border Region
- 29. Pan American Health Organization (PAHO). 1998. (www. who.int/gtb/publications/ tbrep_98/index.htm)



